

## RSE overview

These lessons address the relevant learning opportunities included in the [PSHE Association Programme of Study](#) and the relevant content outlined in the [Department for Education statutory guidance for Relationships Education/Relationships and Sex Education \(RSE\) and Health Education](#). The table below maps where the lesson plans address this content.

	Lesson title and summary	PSHE education Programme of Study	DfE statutory RSHE guidance, key stages 1 and 2
Year 1	<p><i>My special people</i></p> <p>We are learning about the special people in our lives and how we care for one another.</p>	<p><b>R1.</b> about the roles different people (e.g., acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives.</p> <p><b>R2.</b> to identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for</p> <p><b>R20.</b> what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard</p> <p><b>R23.</b> to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others.</p>	<p><b>Caring friendships</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.</li> <li>• the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.</li> <li>• that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.</li> </ul>
Year 2	<p><i>We are growing: human life cycle.</i></p> <p>We are learning about how we change as we grow.</p> <p><i>Everybody's body.</i></p> <p>We are learning to name different parts of the body, including genitalia</p>	<p><b>H25.</b> to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g., vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)</p> <p><b>H26.</b> about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change</p> <p><b>R13.</b> to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private.</p> <p><b>L2.</b> how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.</li> </ul>

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Year 3	<p><i>What makes a good friend?</i></p> <p>We are learning about friendship, including why it is important and what makes a good friend.</p> <p><i>Falling out with friends</i></p> <p>We are learning how to maintain good friendships and about solving disagreements and conflicts with peers.</p>	<p><b>R10.</b> about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing.</p> <p><b>R11.</b> what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships.</p> <p><b>R13.</b> the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded.</p> <p><b>R14.</b> that healthy friendships make people feel included recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them.</p> <p><b>R17.</b> that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely.</p> <p><b>R18.</b> to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary</p>	<p><b>Respectful relationships</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.</li> </ul> <p><b>Online relationships</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.</li> </ul> <p><b>Being safe</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.</li> </ul>

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Year 4	<p><i>Puberty: time to change</i></p> <p>We are learning about the physical changes that happen during puberty.</p> <p><i>Puberty: menstruation and wet dreams</i></p> <p>We are learning about the biological changes that happen during puberty.</p>	<p><b>H15.</b> that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health.</p> <p><b>H17.</b> to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity.</p> <p><b>H18.</b> about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings</p> <p><b>H19.</b> a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways.</p> <p><b>H20.</b> strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations.</p> <p><b>H26.</b> that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.</li> <li>how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.</li> <li>where to get advice e.g., family, school and/or other sources.</li> </ul> <p><b>Mental wellbeing</b></p>

		<p><b>H30.</b> to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.</li> </ul>
<b>Year 5</b>	<p><i>Puberty: personal hygiene</i> We are learning about the importance of personal hygiene during puberty.</p> <p><i>Puberty: emotions and feelings</i> We are learning about emotional changes during puberty</p>	<p><b>H31.</b> about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams)</p> <p><b>H32.</b> about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene.</p> <p><b>H34.</b> about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g., happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.</li> <li>how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.</li> </ul>

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<b>Year 6</b>	<p><i>Puberty: recap and review</i> We are learning about the changes that happen during puberty. (Recap from year 4-5)</p> <p><i>Puberty: change and becoming independent</i> We are learning about managing change and becoming more independent</p> <p><i>Positive and healthy relationships</i> We are learning about positive, healthy relationships.</p> <p><i>How babies are made</i> We are learning about how a baby is made</p>	<p><b>In addition to recapping on the Year 4 and 5 content:</b></p> <p><b>H24.</b> problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools.</p> <p><b>H33.</b> about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for<sup>1</sup>.</p> <p><b>H35.</b> about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring</p> <p><b>H36.</b> strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages.</p> <p><b>R1.</b> to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g., friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)</p> <p><b>R2.</b> that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different.</p> <p><b>R5.</b> that people who loves and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g., marriage), living together, but may also live apart.</p> <p><b>R6.</b> that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships: about the different ways in which people care for one another.</p> <p><b>R30.</b> that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online.</p> <p><b>R31.</b> to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships</p>	<p><b>Changing adolescent body</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.</li> <li>• about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.</li> </ul>
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